



**Europäisches
Patentamt**

**European
Patent Office**

**Office européen
des brevets**

REC'D 28 JUN 2004

WIPO

PCT

Bescheinigung

Certificate

Attestation

Die angehefteten Unterlagen stimmen mit der ursprünglich eingereichten Fassung der auf dem nächsten Blatt bezeichneten europäischen Patentanmeldung überein.

The attached documents are exact copies of the European patent application described on the following page, as originally filed.

Les documents fixés à cette attestation sont conformes à la version initialement déposée de la demande de brevet européen spécifiée à la page suivante.

Patentanmeldung Nr. Patent application No. Demande de brevet n°

03252579.2

**PRIORITY
DOCUMENT**

SUBMITTED OR TRANSMITTED IN
COMPLIANCE WITH RULE 17.1(a) OR (b)

Der Präsident des Europäischen Patentamts;
Im Auftrag

For the President of the European Patent Office

Le Président de l'Office européen des brevets
p.o.

R C van Dijk

BEST AVAILABLE COPY



Anmeldung Nr:
Application no.: 03252579.2
Demande no:

Anmeldetag:
Date of filing: 24.04.03
Date de dépôt:

Anmelder/Applicant(s)/Demandeur(s):

Autoliv Development AB
Patent Department Sweden
44783 Vargarda
SUEDE

Bezeichnung der Erfindung/Title of the invention/Titre de l'invention:
(Falls die Bezeichnung der Erfindung nicht angegeben ist, siehe Beschreibung.
If no title is shown please refer to the description.
Si aucun titre n'est indiqué se référer à la description.)

An airbag

In Anspruch genommene Priorität(en) / Priority(ies) claimed / Priorité(s)
revendiquée(s)
Staat/Tag/Aktenzeichen/State/Date/File no./Pays/Date/Numéro de dépôt:

Internationale Patentklassifikation/International Patent Classification/
Classification internationale des brevets:

B60R16/00

Am Anmeldetag benannte Vertragsstaaten/Contracting states designated at date of
filing/Etats contractants désignées lors du dépôt:

AT BE BG CH CY CZ DE DK EE ES FI FR GB GR HU IE IT LU MC NL
PT RO SE SI SK TR LI

5

"AN AIR-BAG"

- 10 **THE PRESENT INVENTION** relates to an air-bag arrangement, and more particularly relates to an air-bag arrangement intended to provide protection for the occupants of a motor vehicle in the event that a side impact should occur.

- 15 When a side impact occurs, from one side of the vehicle, the vehicle is given a very sudden acceleration. The effect is that, due to inertia, occupants of the vehicle tend to move towards the side of the vehicle where the impact occurs.

- Typically a vehicle occupant is restrained by a three-point seat-belt.
- 20 Typically a three-point seat-belt has a lap portion and a diagonal portion, the diagonal portion typically extending from a point adjacent the centre of the vehicle upwardly across the chest or torso of the occupant to a point on the adjacent "B"-Post of the vehicle for a front seat passenger and "C"-Post of the vehicle for a rear seat passenger.

25

In the case of a side impact for a vehicle occupant who is sitting adjacent the side of the vehicle where the impact occurs, the effect will be that the torso of the occupant will tend to move towards the side of the vehicle where the

impact occurs. The shoulder of the occupant will thus be "caught" by the diagonal strap and the occupant will be restrained. However, for a seat occupant sitting on the side of the vehicle furthest from the side impact, the torso of the occupant will tend to move away from the adjacent "B"-Post, and will not be restrained to any substantial extent by the diagonal strap. Thus injuries may arise.

The present invention seeks to provide an improved air-bag arrangement.

According to the present invention, there is provided an air-bag arrangement in a motor vehicle to provide protection for the occupants of two adjacent seats, each seat being associated with two air-bag units, one air-bag unit containing an air-bag to be deployed to occupy a space on the inboard side of the seat and the other air-bag unit containing an air-bag to be deployed to occupy a space on the outboard side of the seat, there being a sensor and control arrangement to sense a side impact and to determine which side of the vehicle has been impacted, and to generate actuation signals capable of actuating the air-bag unit associated with the first seat closest to the point of impact, and the air-bag unit of the second seat closest to the point of impact.

Preferably at least one seat is provided with a sensor to sense an occupant in the seat, the sensor enabling actuation of the air-bag units associated with that seat in response to the actuation signal from the sensor and control unit.

Advantageously at least one air-bag unit for each seat is mounted in the back-rest of the seat.

Conveniently said one unit in each seat is on the inboard side of the seat.

Preferably both air-bag units associated with each seat are mounted in
5 the back-rest of the seat.

Advantageously at least one air-bag unit associated with each seat is mounted in an adjacent pillar of the motor vehicle.

10 Conveniently each said seat is provided with a three-point safety-belt.

Preferably each safety-belt is provided with a pretensioner.

Advantageously the inboard side of each seat is provided with a support
15 element, the support element being configured to extend inboard of the inflated inboard air-bag so as to provide lateral support to at least part of the inflated air-bag.

Preferably, said support element is moveable upon actuation of the air-
20 bag on the inboard side of the seat, from an initial position to an operative position, the airbag being configured to extend to an operative position, the air-bag being configured to extend inboard of the inflated air-bag when in said operative position.

25 Conveniently said support element is resiliently deformable and configured, wherein said operative position, to yield under a force exerted thereon by the weight of an occupant of the seat in a crash, thereby absorbing energy.

Preferably said support element is configured to move from said initial position to said operative position in a generally forwards direction relative to said back-rest.

5

In order that the invention may be more readily understood, and so that further features thereof may be appreciated, embodiments of the invention will now be described, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings in which:

10

FIGURE 1 is a diagrammatic view illustrating two adjacent occupants of a vehicle,

FIGURE 2 is a view of a first embodiment of the invention showing air-bag units mounted in adjacent seats in a motor vehicle,

15

FIGURE 3 is a view of a modified embodiment of the invention illustrating air-bag units mounted in the seats of the vehicle, and mounted in the vehicle itself, with the air-bags being shown in the inflated condition,

20

FIGURE 4 is a side view of one of the vehicle seats illustrated in Figure 2, illustrating a deployed air-bag with an associated element.

Referring initially to Figure 1 of the accompanying drawings, two occupants 1, 2 are illustrated seated in the front seats of a motor vehicle. The first occupant 1 is restrained by a three-point safety-belt 3 which includes a lap strap 4 and a diagonal chest or torso strap 5 which extends to an anchoring point, typically in the form of a pillar-loop adjuster, mounted on the adjacent B-

25

Post 6 of the vehicle. Similarly the second occupant, 2 is restrained by a seat-belt 7 which includes a lap strap 8, and a diagonal strap 9 which extends across the chest or torso of the occupant to an anchoring point, again typically in the form of a pillar-loop adjuster, provided on opposite the "B"-Post 10 of the vehicle.

It is to be appreciated that if the vehicle is involved in a side impact, as indicated by the arrow I, which might be caused by another vehicle hitting the side of the vehicle in question adjacent the first occupant 1, the vehicle will be given a very substantial sideways acceleration. The effect will be that, due to inertia, the occupant 1 will tend to move towards the adjacent "B"-Post 6. The occupant 1 will be restrained by the diagonal belt portion 5. However, the second occupant 2 will also move towards the "B"-Post 6 adjacent the first occupant 1. The second occupant 2 will thus not be restrained effectively by his or her seat-belt.

Referring now to Figure 2, two vehicle seats 11, 12 are shown schematically. The seat 11 has a squab 13, a back-rest 14 and a head-rest 15. In the outboard side of the seat-back there is provided an air-bag unit 15. The air-bag unit 15 is such that, on deployment of the air-bag, the air-bag itself extends outwardly from the back-rest and forwardly so that the main part of the air-bag lies adjacent a chest or torso of the seat occupant. Air-bags of this type are known per se. Mounted on the inboard side of the seat is a second air-bag unit 16. Again this air-bag unit is equivalent to the air-bag unit 15.

The adjacent seat 12 is of a similar design having a squab 17, a back-rest (18) and a head-rest 19, and having two air-bag units 20, 21 of the type discussed above.

The seat 11 is for use by the driver of the vehicle, and the seat 12 is for use by a front seat passenger. The seat 12 is provided with a sensor 22 to sense whether the seat is occupied or not. An impact sensor and control unit 23 is provided to sense a side impact and to deploy the air-bags appropriately.

Referring now to Figure 3, a modified embodiment of the invention is illustrated. In this embodiment of the invention the outboard air-bag units 15 and 20 are not mounted in the back-rests of the appropriate seats, but instead are mounted in the adjacent "B"-Posts of the vehicle. In all other respects the embodiment of Figure 3 is the same as the embodiment of Figure 2. Referring to Figure 3, it is to be understood that the vehicle illustrated has been subjected to a side impact on the driver's side of the vehicle, adjacent the seat 11. The impact is indicated by the arrow I, as in Figure 1.

As a consequence of the sensed side impact, the sensor and control unit 23 has deployed the air-bag on the outboard side of the driver's seat 11, that is to say the air-bag in the air-bag unit 15. This air-bag thus provides a protective cushion located between the driver of the vehicle and the impact.

As shown in Figure 3, the sensor 22 sensed that the seat 12 is occupied, and consequently has caused the inboard air-bag unit 21 to be actuated so that an air-bag is provided between the second seat occupant and the side of the vehicle where the impact is occurring. The occupant of the seat 12 will therefore be restrained from moving towards the "B"-Post 6 by means of the inflated air-bag from the air-bag unit 21 and, should any "rebound" occur will be restrained from moving towards the "B"-Post 10 by the three-point seat-belt 7 as shown in Figure 1.

It is to be understood that if the sensor 22 did not sense that the seat 12 was occupied, or only sensed that the seat was occupied by a child seat, then the air-bag unit 21 would not be actuated by the sensor and control unit 23.

5

Of course, if the impact had occurred in the opposite sense, that is to say on the side of the vehicle adjacent the seat 12, then the air-bag units 16 and 20 would be deployed, again assuming that both seats were occupied.

10 Whilst the invention has been described with reference to two specific embodiments, it is to be appreciated that many modifications may be effected. The air-bag units associated with each seat may take many different designs. Whilst reference has been made to air-bag units mounted in the seat back and air-bag units mounted in the adjacent "B"-Pillar, it is to be appreciated that one
15 of the air-bag units could be in the form of an inflatable curtain. Such an inflatable curtain, when inflated, occupies space between a seat occupant and the adjacent side of the vehicle, but, most importantly, occupies space immediately adjacent the seat to provide protection for the occupant.

20 Whilst reference has been made to a sensor 22 for sensing whether the seat 12 is occupied or not, any form of sensor may be utilised. Figures 2 and 3 illustrate a sensor mounted in the squab of the seat. However, an optical sensor or some other remote sensor such as a radar sensor may be utilised.

25 In certain embodiments of the invention it has been found beneficial to pretension the safety-belt of the seat occupant who is seated furthest from the side impact. Thus, in a preferred embodiment of the invention, three-point seat-belts are provided. Figure 3 shows part of the three-point seat-belt 7

described primarily with reference to Figure 1, in phantom, showing how the seat-belt 7 is provided with a retractor unit 24. The retractor unit 24 incorporates a pretensioner. Thus, during an impact situation, the sensor and control unit 23 may actuate the pretensioner in the retractor 24, and also may
5 actuate a pretensioner at a corresponding retractor provided for the seat-belt 3 associated with the seat 11. It may be preferable for both seat-belts to be pretensioned in a side impact situation, but it has been found most preferably and most important for the seat-belt of the seat remote from the point of impact to be pretensioned.

10 If a child seat is detected on the seat, the sensor and control unit 23 may, in a side impact, actuate the appropriate pretensioner, thus tensioning the safety-belt that is holding the child seat in position, whilst not actuating the relevant air-bag unit.

15 Figure 4 illustrates the vehicle seat 12 of Figures 2 and 3, with the inboard air-bag unit 21 having been actuated so that the air-bag 21A has been inflated.

20 As illustrated in Figure 4, the inboard air-bag unit 21 of the vehicle seat 12 is provided with a support element 25 which is shown in an actuated condition in which it extends forwardly from the back-rest 18, on the inboard side of the inflated air-bag 21A such that the air-bag 21A extends between the support element 25 and the thorax of the seat occupant 2. The support
25 element 25, in this deployed condition, serves to provide lateral support to the inflated air-bag 21A so as to hold it in a position effective to provide lateral protection to the thorax of the seat occupant 2 in the event of a side impact. It has been found desirable to provide this support element 25 because otherwise,

the deployed inboard air-bag 21 may not provide adequate support to the seat occupant 2 in the absence of any other vehicle structure, or an adjacent inflated air-bag.

5 The support element 25 is, as illustrated above, illustrated in Figure 4 in an operative, deployed position. However, prior to actuation of the air-bag 21A, the support element 25 adopts an initial position in which it is allocated substantially within the back-rest 18. Upon actuation of the air-bag 21A, the support element 25 is configured to move from its initial position
10 within the back-rest 18 to the deployed position illustrated in Figure 4, for example in a generally forwards direction relative to the back-rest 18. In a preferred arrangement, the support element 25 is resiliently deformable and is configured, when in its deployed position, to yield under a force exerted on it under the weight of the occupant 2 of the seat 12 in a crash, so as to absorb
15 energy.

Of course, it is to be appreciated that the other vehicle seat 11, is also preferably provided with a support element similar to that described above, in order to provide lateral support to the inboard air-bag of that seat.

20 It is also to be appreciated that the support element could take other convenient forms such as, for example, a frame extending forwardly from the backrest of the seat, or possibly as at least part of a forwardly extending arm rest. It is not essential for the support element to move forwardly and indeed
25 the support element could be permanently secured in its operative position.

In the present Specification "comprises" means "includes or consists of" and "comprising" means "including or consisting of".

The features disclosed in the foregoing description, or the following
Claims, or the accompanying drawings, expressed in their specific forms or in
terms of a means for performing the disclosed function, or a method or process
5 for attaining the disclosed result, as appropriate, may, separately, or in any
combination of such features, be utilised for realising the invention in diverse
forms thereof.

CLAIMS:

- 5 1. An air-bag arrangement in a motor vehicle to provide protection for the occupants of two adjacent seats, each seat being associated with two air-bag units, one air-bag unit containing an air-bag to be deployed to occupy a space on the inboard side of the seat and the other air-bag unit containing an air-bag to be deployed to occupy a space on the outboard side of the seat, there being a
10 sensor and control arrangement to sense a side impact and to determine which side of the vehicle has been impacted, and to generate actuation signals capable of actuating the air-bag unit associated with the first seat closest to the point of impact, and the air-bag unit of the second seat closest to the point of impact.
- 15 2. An arrangement according to Claim 1 wherein at least one seat is provided with a sensor to sense an occupant in the seat, the sensor enabling actuation of the air-bag units associated with that seat in response to the actuation signal from the sensor and control unit.
- 20 3. An arrangement according to Claim 1 or 2 wherein at least one air-bag unit for each seat is mounted in the back-rest of the seat.
4. An arrangement according to Claim 3 wherein the said one unit in each seat is on the inboard side of the seat.
- 25 5. An arrangement according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein both air-bag units associated with each seat are mounted in the back-rest of the seat.

6. An arrangement according to any one of Claims 1 to 4 wherein at least one air-bag unit associated with each seat is mounted in an adjacent pillar of the motor vehicle.

5

7. An arrangement according to any one of the preceding Claims wherein each said seat is provided with a three-point safety-belt.

8. An arrangement according to Claim 7 wherein each safety-belt is provided with a pretensioner.

10

9. An arrangement according to any preceding Claim, wherein the inboard side of each seat is provided with a support element, the support element being configured to extend inboard of the inflated inboard air-bag so as to provide lateral support to at least part of the inflated air-bag.

15

10. An arrangement according to Claim 9, wherein said support element is moveable upon actuation of the air-bag on the inboard side of the seat, from an initial position to an operative position, the airbag being configured to extend to an operative position, the airbag being configured to extend inboard of the inflated airbag when in said operative position.

20

11. An arrangement according to Claim 10, wherein said support element is resiliently deformable and configured, wherein said operative position, to yield under a force exerted thereon by the weight of an occupant of the seat in a crash, thereby absorbing energy.

25

12. An arrangement according to Claim 10 or Claim 11, wherein said support element is configured to move from said initial position to said operative position in a generally forwards direction relative to said back-rest.

ABSTRACT**5 "AN AIR-BAG"**

An air-bag arrangement for a motor vehicle is disclosed to provide protection for the occupants (1, 2) of two adjacent seats 11, 12. Each seat is associated with two air-bag units (15, 16, 20, 21), one of which contains an air-bag to be
10 deployed so as to occupy a space on the inboard side of the seat, and the other of which contains an air-bag to be deployed so as to occupy a space on the outboard side of the seat. There is a sensor and control arrangement (23) to sense impact and to determine which side of the vehicle has been impacted.
15 The sensor and control arrangement (23) generates actuation signals capable of actuating the air-bag unit (15) associated with the first seat (11) closest to the point of impact I, and the air-bag unit (21) of the second seat (12) closest to the point of impact I.

20

FIG. 3

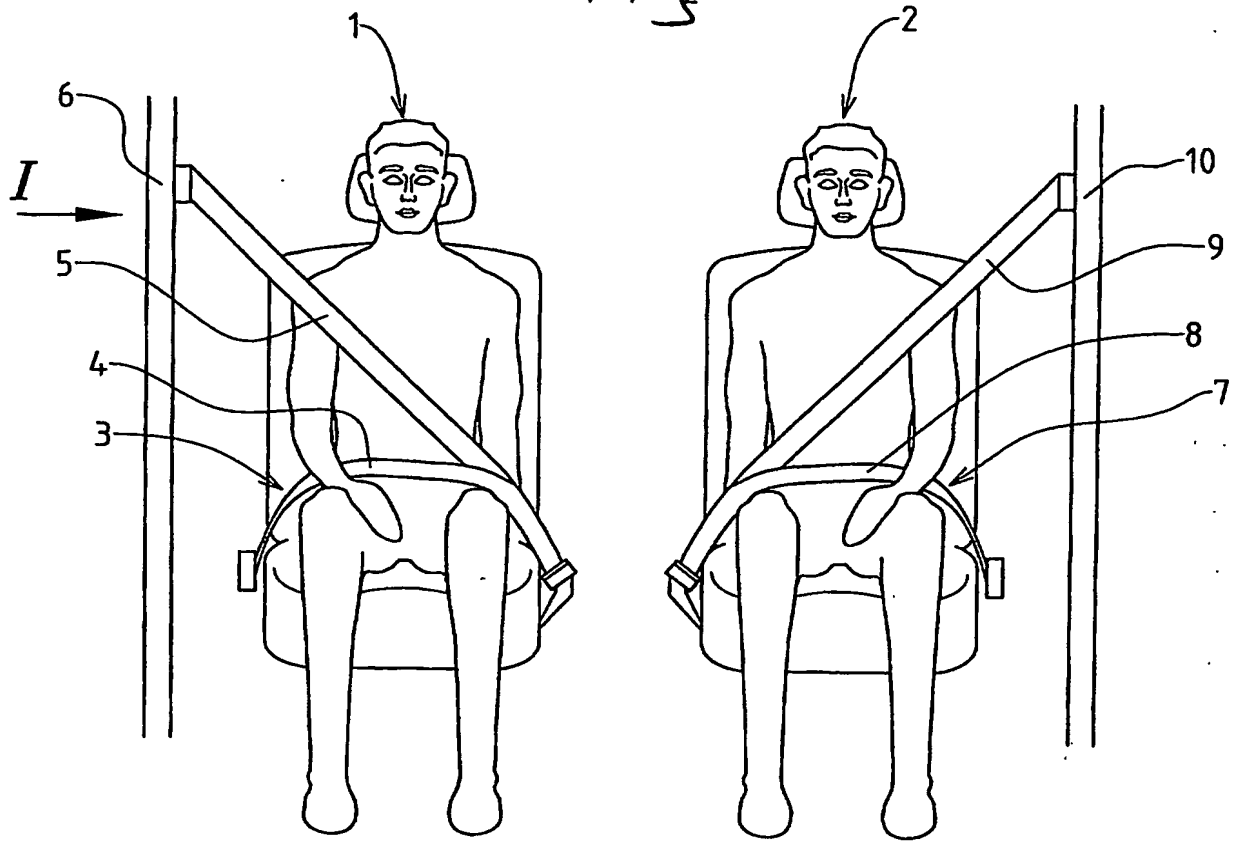


FIG 1

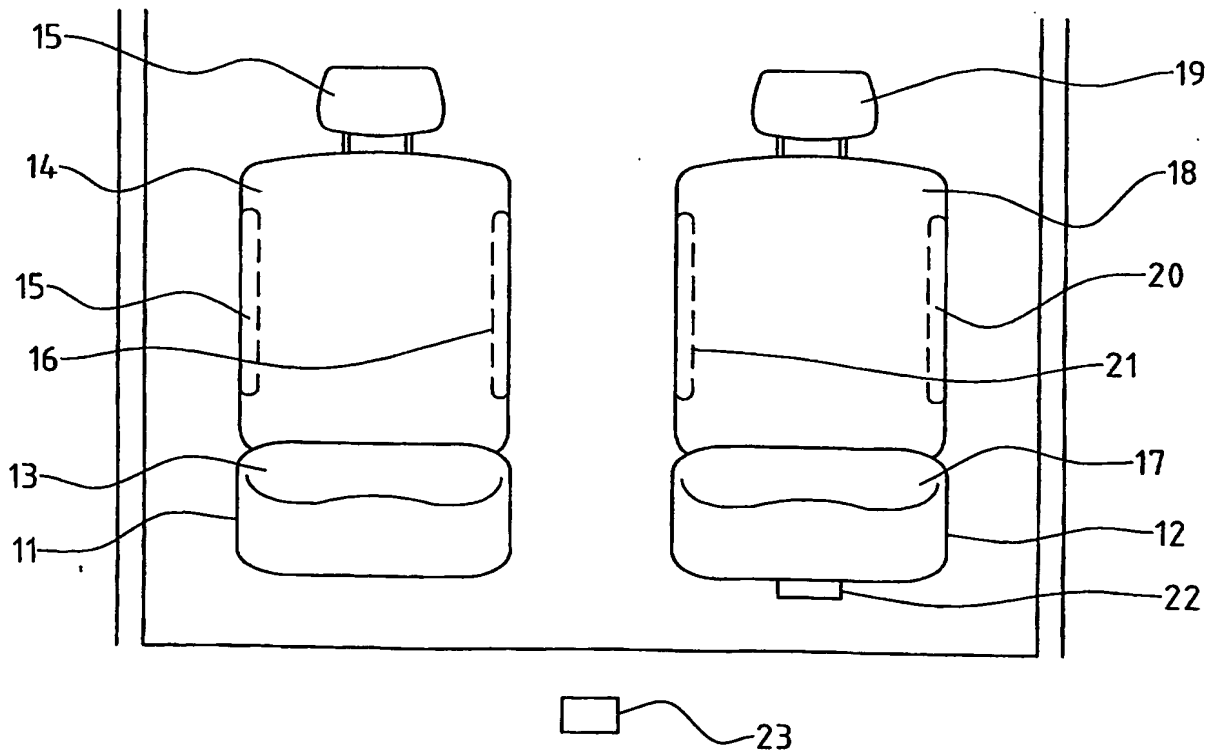


FIG 2

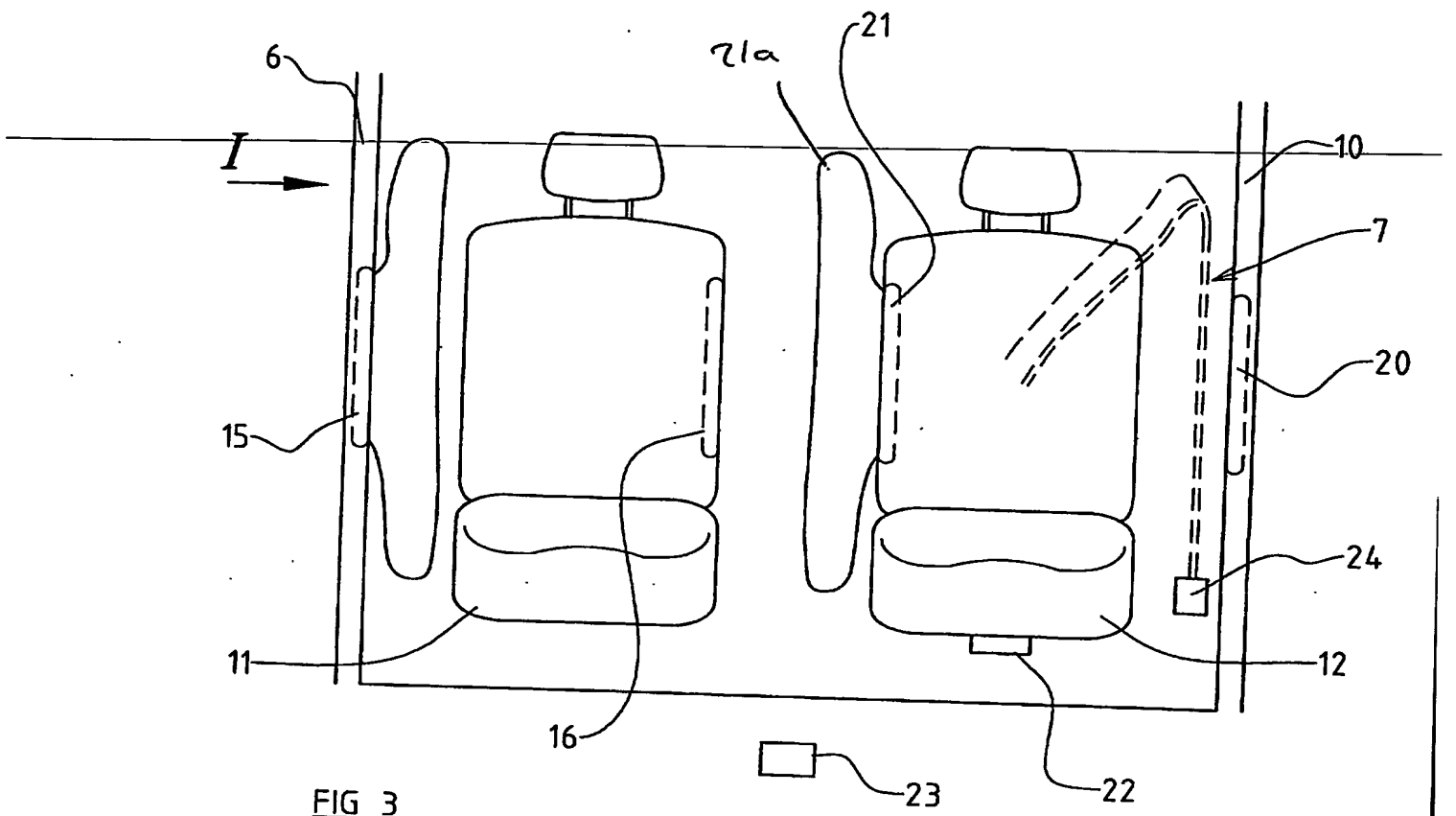


FIG 3

3/3

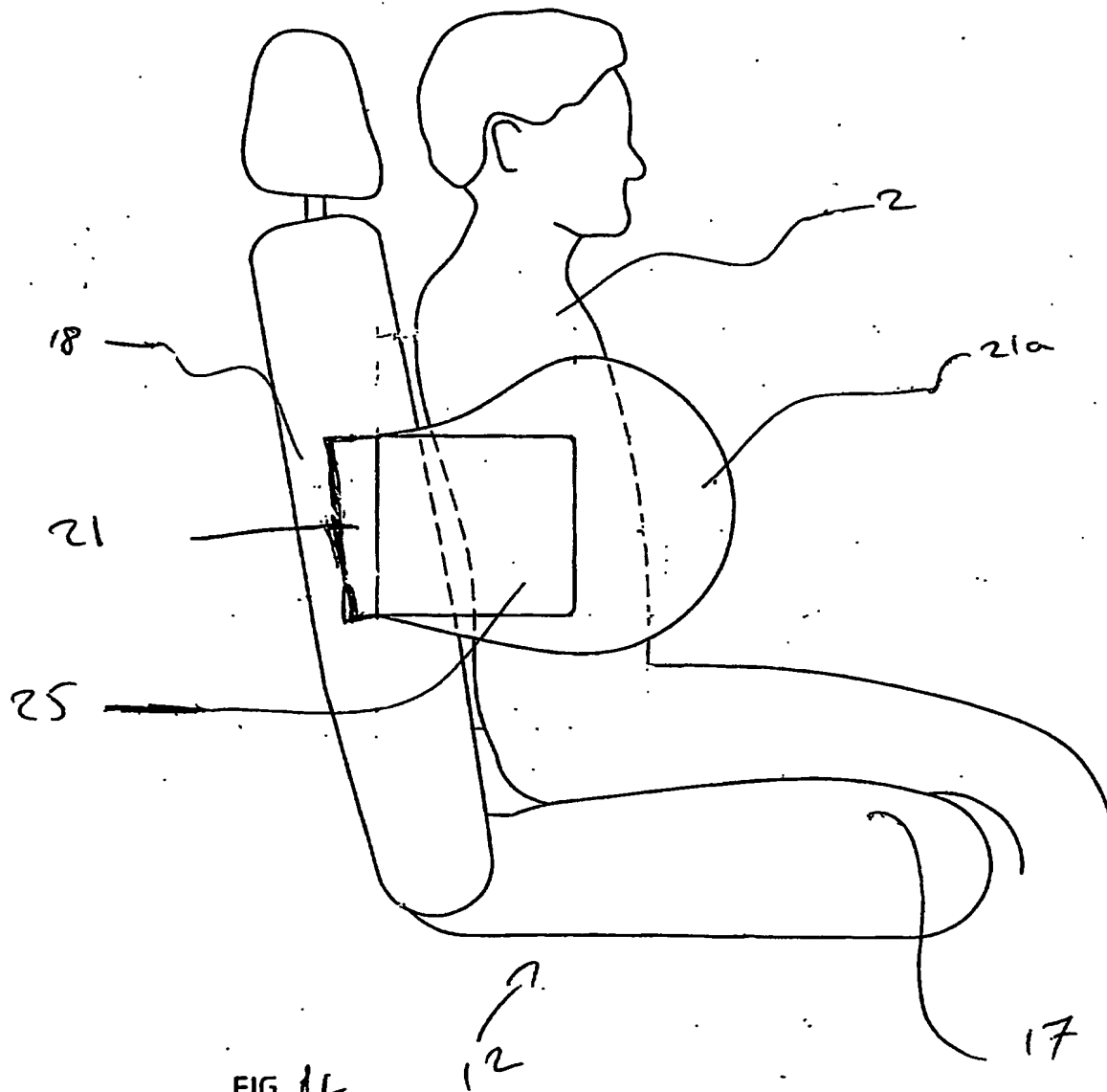


FIG 4

PCT/GB2004/001641



**This Page is Inserted by IFW Indexing and Scanning
Operations and is not part of the Official Record**

BEST AVAILABLE IMAGES

Defective images within this document are accurate representations of the original documents submitted by the applicant.

Defects in the images include but are not limited to the items checked:

- ☒ **BLACK BORDERS**
- ☐ **IMAGE CUT OFF AT TOP, BOTTOM OR SIDES**
- ☐ **FADED TEXT OR DRAWING**
- ☐ **BLURRED OR ILLEGIBLE TEXT OR DRAWING**
- ☐ **SKEWED/SLANTED IMAGES**
- ☐ **COLOR OR BLACK AND WHITE PHOTOGRAPHS**
- ☐ **GRAY SCALE DOCUMENTS**
- ☒ **LINES OR MARKS ON ORIGINAL DOCUMENT**
- ☐ **REFERENCE(S) OR EXHIBIT(S) SUBMITTED ARE POOR QUALITY**
- ☐ **OTHER:** _____

IMAGES ARE BEST AVAILABLE COPY.

As rescanning these documents will not correct the image problems checked, please do not report these problems to the IFW Image Problem Mailbox.